

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
TYLER DIVISION

VirnetX Inc.,  v.  Apple Inc.,	Plaintiff,  Defendant.	Civil Action No. 6:11-cv-563  Jury Trial Demanded
VirnetX Inc. and Science Applications International Corporation,  v.  Apple Inc.,	Plaintiffs,  Defendant.	Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-855  Jury Trial Demanded

**PLAINTIFF VIRNETX INC. AND PLAINTIFF SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION'S  
CONSOLIDATED AND AMENDED COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff VirnetX Inc. ("VirnetX") and Plaintiff Science Applications International Corporation ("SAIC") file this Consolidated and Amended Complaint against Defendant Apple Inc. for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271 and in support thereof would respectfully show the Court the following:

**THE PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff VirnetX is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and maintains its principal place of business at 308 Dorla Court, Zephyr Cove, Nevada 89448.

2. Science Applications International Corporation (“SAIC”) is a corporation formed under the laws of the state of Delaware with a principal place of business at 1710 SAIC Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102.

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35, United States Code. This Court has exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over this case for patent infringement under 28 U.S.C. § 1338.

4. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Texas under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Apple. Apple has conducted and does conduct business within the State of Texas. Apple, directly or through subsidiaries or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), ships, distributes, offers for sale, sells, and advertises (including the provision of an interactive web page) its products and/or services in the United States, the State of Texas, and the Eastern District of Texas. Apple, directly and through subsidiaries or intermediaries (including distributors, retailers, and others), has purposefully and voluntarily placed one or more of its infringing products and/or services, as described below, into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they will be purchased and used by consumers in the Eastern District of Texas. These infringing products and/or services have been and continue to be purchased and used by consumers in the Eastern District of Texas. Apple has committed acts of patent infringement within the State of Texas and, more particularly, within the Eastern District of Texas.

**ASSERTED PATENTS**

6. On December 31, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,502,135 (“the ‘135 patent”)

entitled “Agile Network Protocol for Secure Communications with Assured System Availability” was duly and legally issued with Edmund Colby Munger, Douglas Charles Schmidt, Robert Dunham Short, III, Victor Larson, Michael Williamson as the named inventors after full and fair examination. VirnetX, together with SAIC, owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the ‘135 patent<sup>1</sup> and possesses all rights of recovery under the ‘135 patent. A copy of the ‘135 patent is attached as Exhibit A.

7. On August 26, 2008, United States Patent No. 7,418,504 (“the ‘504 patent”) entitled “Agile Network Protocol for Secure Communications Using Secure Domain Names” was duly and legally issued with Victor Larson, Robert Dunham Short, III, Edmund Colby Munger, and Michael Williamson as the named inventors after full and fair examination. VirnetX, together with SAIC, owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the ‘504 patent<sup>2</sup> and possesses all rights of recovery under the ‘504 patent. A copy of the ‘504 patent is attached as Exhibit B.

8. On February 10, 2009, United States Patent No. 7,490,151 (“the ‘151 patent”) entitled “Establishment of a Secure Communication Link Based on a Domain Name Service (DNS) Request” was duly and legally issued with Edmund Colby Munger, Robert Dunham Short, III, Victor Larson, and Michael Williamson as the named inventors after full and fair examination. VirnetX, together with SAIC, owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the ‘151 patent<sup>3</sup> and possesses all rights of recovery under the ‘151 patent. A copy of the ‘151 patent is attached as Exhibit C.

9. On April 5, 2011, United States Patent No. 7,921,211 (“the ‘211 patent”) entitled “Agile Network Protocol for Secure Communications Using Secure Domain Names” was duly and legally issued with Victor Larson, Robert Dunham Short, III, Edmund Colby Munger, and

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<sup>1</sup> SAIC maintains an equity interest and review rights related to the ‘135 patent.

<sup>2</sup> SAIC maintains an equity interest and review rights related to the ‘504 patent.

<sup>3</sup> SAIC maintains an equity interest and review rights related to the ‘151 patent.

Michael Williamson as the named inventors after full and fair examination. VirnetX, together with SAIC, owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the '211 patent<sup>4</sup> and possesses all rights of recovery under the '211 patent. A copy of the '211 patent is attached as Exhibit D.

10. On November 1, 2011, United States Patent No. 8,051,181 ("the '181 patent") entitled "Method for Establishing Secure Communication Link Between Computers of Virtual Private Network" was duly and legally issued with Victor Larson, Robert Dunham Short, III, Edmund Colby Munger, and Michael Williamson as the named inventors after full and fair examination. VirnetX, together with SAIC, owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the '181 patent<sup>5</sup> and possesses all rights of recovery under the '181 patent. A copy of the '181 patent is attached as Exhibit E.

11. The '135, '504, '151, and '211 patents were all originally asserted in the Complaint in Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-855. The '181 patent was originally asserted in Civil Action No. 6:11-cv-563. The '135, '504, '151, '211, and '181 patents are all being included in this Consolidated and Amended Complaint as a result of the consolidation of Civil Action No. 6:11-cv-563 with Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-855. *See Order* (Dkt. 51). Therefore, this Consolidated and Amended Complaint does not assert any patent that has not previously been asserted in one of the consolidated actions.

**COUNT ONE**  
**PATENT INFRINGEMENT BY APPLE**

12. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference paragraphs 1-10 as if fully set forth herein. As described below, Apple has infringed and/or continues to infringe the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents.

13. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the VPN

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<sup>4</sup> SAIC maintains an equity interest and review rights related to the '211 patent.

<sup>5</sup> SAIC maintains an equity interest and review rights related to the '181 patent.

On Demand functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; and the Apple iPad mini, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, infringe at least system claims 10 and 12 of the '135 patent. Apple makes and/or uses these systems and thus directly infringes at least claims 10 and 12 of the '135 patent.

14. The use of at least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the VPN On Demand functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; and the Apple iPad mini infringes at least method claims 1, 3, 7, and 8 of the '135 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 3, 7, and 8 of the '135 patent.

15. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running

iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; and the Apple iPad mini, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 3, 7, 8, 10, and 12 of the '135 patent.

16. Apple indirectly infringes by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the '135 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

17. Apple indirectly infringes the '135 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

18. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the VPN On Demand functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; and the Apple iPad mini infringe at least apparatus claim 1 of the '151 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, imports, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States

these products and thus directly infringes at least claim 1 of the '151 patent.

19. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the VPN On Demand functionality, and the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; and the Apple iPad mini, as well as Apple's servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, infringe at least computer readable media claims 7 and 13 of the '151 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, imports, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 7 and 13 of the '151 patent.

20. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least the Apple iPhone, iPhone 3G, iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5 running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPod Touch 1st Generation, iPod Touch 2nd Generation, iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation running iPhone OS or iOS 3.1.x or later; the Apple iPad mini, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 7, and 13 of the '151 patent.

21. Apple indirectly infringes the '151 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the '151 patent by others, such as resellers and

end-user customers.

22. Apple indirectly infringes the '151 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

23. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, infringe at least system claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-29, 32-35, 53, and 56 of the '504 patent. Apple makes and/or uses these systems and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-29, 32-35, 53, and 56 of the '504 patent.

24. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, as well as Apple's servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as

specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, infringe at least machine readable medium claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the ‘504 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the ‘504 patent.

25. The use of at least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, as intended by Apple, infringes at least method claim 60 of the ‘504 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claim 60 of the ‘504 patent.

26. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices

capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, 33-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-60 of the ‘504 patent.

27. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘504 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the ‘504 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

28. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘504 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

29. At least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple

iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringe at least system claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, and 33-35 of the ‘504 patent. Apple makes and/or uses these systems and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, and 33-35 of the ‘504 patent.

30. At least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, as well as Apple’s servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringe at least machine readable medium claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the ‘504 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and

media and thus directly infringes at least claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the '504 patent.

31. The use of at least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringes at least method claim 60 of the '504 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claim 60 of the '504 patent.

32. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14,

16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, 33-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-60 of the ‘504 patent.

33. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘504 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the ‘504 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

34. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘504 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

35. At least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, infringe at least system claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-29, 32-35, 53, and 56 of the ‘211 patent. Apple makes and/or uses these systems and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-29,

32-35, 53, and 56 of the '211 patent.

36. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, as well as Apple's servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, infringe at least non-transitory machine readable medium claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the '211 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the '211 patent.

37. The use of at least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application),

including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, as intended by Apple, infringes at least method claim 60 of the '211 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claim 60 of the '211 patent.

38. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, 33-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-60 of the '211 patent.

39. Apple indirectly infringes the '211 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the '211 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

40. Apple indirectly infringes the '211 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to

be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

41. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringe at least system claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, and 33-35 of the '211 patent. Apple makes and/or uses these systems and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, and 33-35 of the '211 patent.

42. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, as well as Apple's servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*,

running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringe at least non-transitory machine readable medium claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the ‘211 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 36-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-59 of the ‘211 patent.

43. The use of at least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (e.g., running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, as intended by Apple infringes at least method claim 60 of the ‘211 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claim 60 of the ‘211 patent.

44. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (e.g., running the Messages for Mac

application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 26-28, 33-38, 41, 43-47, 50-52, and 57-60 of the '211 patent.

45. Apple indirectly infringes the '211 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the '211 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

46. Apple indirectly infringes the '211 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

47. At least Apple's servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, as well as Apple's servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini;

and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, infringe at least machine readable medium claims 1, 28, and 29 of the ‘181 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 28, and 29 of the ‘181 patent.

48. The use of at least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the FaceTime functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, as intended by Apple, infringes at least method claims 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-27 of the ‘181 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claims 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-27 of the ‘181 patent.

49. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 4th Generation and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the FaceTime functionality, including the Apple iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad

4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the FaceTime functionality (*e.g.*, running the FaceTime for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.6.6 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-29 of the ‘181 patent.

50. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘181 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the ‘181 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

51. Apple indirectly infringes the ‘181 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

52. At least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, as well as Apple’s servers, master discs, and other media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch

4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringe at least machine readable medium claims 1, 28, and 29 of the ‘181 patent. Apple makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, exports, imports, supplies, and/or distributes within and from the United States these products and media and thus directly infringes at least claims 1, 28, and 29 of the ‘181 patent.

53. The use of at least Apple’s servers and other Apple computers that support the iMessage functionality, when configured and operating in a system as specified by Apple, and Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, infringes at least method claims 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-27 of the ‘181 patent. Apple uses these products and thus directly infringes at least claims 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-27 of the ‘181 patent.

54. In addition, Apple provided or currently provides at least Apple iPhone devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, and iPhone 5; Apple iPod Touch devices capable of using the iMessage functionality,

including the Apple iPod Touch 3rd Generation, iPod Touch 4th Generation, and iPod Touch 5th Generation; Apple iPad devices capable of using the iMessage functionality, including the Apple iPad, iPad 2, iPad 3rd Generation, and iPad 4th Generation; the Apple iPad mini; and Apple computers capable of using the iMessage functionality (*e.g.*, running the Messages for Mac application), including Apple computers running OS X 10.7 or higher, and media that store, cache, or distribute iPhone OS or iOS to others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in the United States who, in turn, use these products to infringe at least claims 1, 2, 5-9, 14, 15, 17-20, 22, and 24-29 of the '181 patent.

55. Apple indirectly infringes the '181 patent by inducing infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), because Apple actively induces infringement of the '181 patent by others, such as resellers and end-user customers.

56. Apple indirectly infringes the '181 patent by contributing to infringement by others, such as resellers and end-user customers, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(c), because Apple offers to sell or sells within the United States a component of a patented machine, manufacture, combination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for use in practicing a patented process, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.

57. Apple has infringed and/or continues to infringe one or more claims of the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents as set forth above. Apple is liable for direct infringement, as well as indirect infringement by way of inducement and/or contributory infringement, for the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271 (a),

(b), (c), and/or (f) as set forth above. For VirnetX's claims of indirect infringement, Apple's resellers, consultants, and end-user customers are direct infringers of the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents.

58. Apple's acts of infringement have caused damage to VirnetX. VirnetX is entitled to recover from Apple the damages sustained by VirnetX as a result of Apple's wrongful acts in an amount subject to proof at trial. In addition, the infringing acts and practices of Apple have caused, are causing, and, unless such acts and practices are enjoined by the Court, will continue to cause immediate and irreparable harm to VirnetX for which there is no adequate remedy at law, and for which VirnetX is entitled to injunctive relief under 35 U.S.C. § 283.

59. Apple has received actual notice of infringement prior to this lawsuit, including at least through a previous case against Apple. *See VirnetX Inc. v. Cisco Inc.*, 6:10-cv-417 (E.D. Tex.). Apple has also received constructive notice as VirnetX marks its products in compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 287.

60. Apple has willfully infringed and/or does willfully infringe the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury for all issues so triable.

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for the following relief:

1. A judgment that Apple has directly infringed the '135 patent, contributorily infringed the '135 patent, and/or induced the infringement of the '135 patent;
2. A judgment that Apple has directly infringed the '151 patent, contributorily infringed the '151 patent, and/or induced the infringement of the '151 patent;

3. A judgment that Apple has directly infringed the '504 patent, contributorily infringed the '504 patent, and/or induced the infringement of the '504 patent;

4. A judgment that Apple has directly infringed the '211 patent, contributorily infringed the '211 patent, and/or induced the infringement of the '211 patent;

5. A judgment that Apple has directly infringed the '181 patent, contributorily infringed the '181 patent, and/or induced the infringement of the '181 patent;

6. A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing Apple and its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, licensees, successors, and assigns, and those in active concert or participation with any of them, from directly infringing, contributorily infringing, and/or inducing the infringement of the '135 patent;

7. A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing Apple and its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, licensees, successors, and assigns, and those in active concert or participation with any of them, from directly infringing, contributorily infringing, and/or inducing the infringement of the '151 patent;

8. A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing Apple and its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, licensees, successors, and assigns, and those in active concert or participation with any of them, from directly infringing, contributorily infringing, and/or inducing the infringement of the '504 patent;

9. A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing Apple and its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, licensees, successors, and assigns, and those in active concert or participation with any of them, from directly infringing, contributorily infringing, and/or inducing the infringement of the '211 patent;

10. A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing Apple and its respective

officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, licensees, successors, and assigns, and those in active concert or participation with any of them, from directly infringing, contributorily infringing, and/or inducing the infringement of the '181 patent;

11. A judgment that Apple's infringement of the '135, '151, '504, '211, and '181 patents has been willful;

12. A ruling that this case be found to be exceptional under 35 U.S.C. § 285, and a judgment awarding VirnetX to its attorneys' fees incurred in prosecuting this action;

13. A judgment and order requiring Apple to pay VirnetX damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284, including supplemental damages for any continuing post-verdict infringement up until entry of the final judgment, with an accounting, as needed, and treble damages for willful infringement as provided by 35 U.S.C. § 284;

14. A judgment and order requiring Apple to pay VirnetX the costs of this action (including all disbursements);

15. A judgment and order requiring Apple to pay VirnetX pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages awarded;

16. A judgment and order requiring that in the event a permanent injunction preventing future acts of infringement is not granted, that VirnetX be awarded a compulsory ongoing licensing fee; and

17. Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DATED: July 1, 2013

Respectfully submitted,

**McKOOL SMITH, P.C.**

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing document was filed electronically in compliance with Local Rule CV-5(a) on July 1, 2013. As such, this document was served on all counsel who are deemed to have consented to electronic service. Local Rule CV-5(a)(3)(A).

*/s/ Jason D. Cassady*  
Jason D. Cassady